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Environment and Energy Lab activities and development prospect

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Aso-Kuju Mountain range

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1. Purpose

Environment and Energy Laboratory (established at 2009) aims at promoting innovation of environment and energy technologies.

We have developed environmentally friendly systems for agriculture production , soil treatment, air/water purification and biomedical treatment.

- **Portable ozone-mist sterilization system for non-chemical agriculture**
- **Remote/auto ozone-mist sterilization of insect pest using Deep Learning technology**

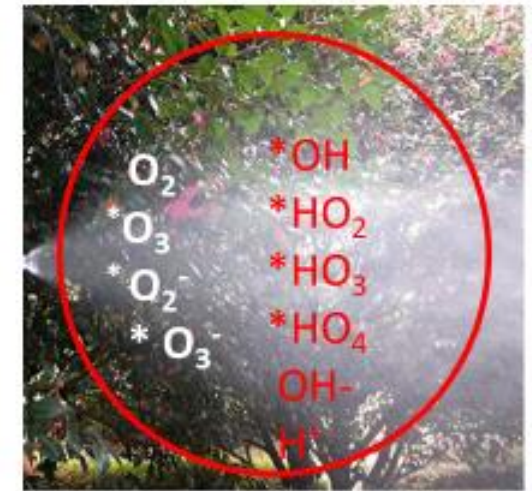
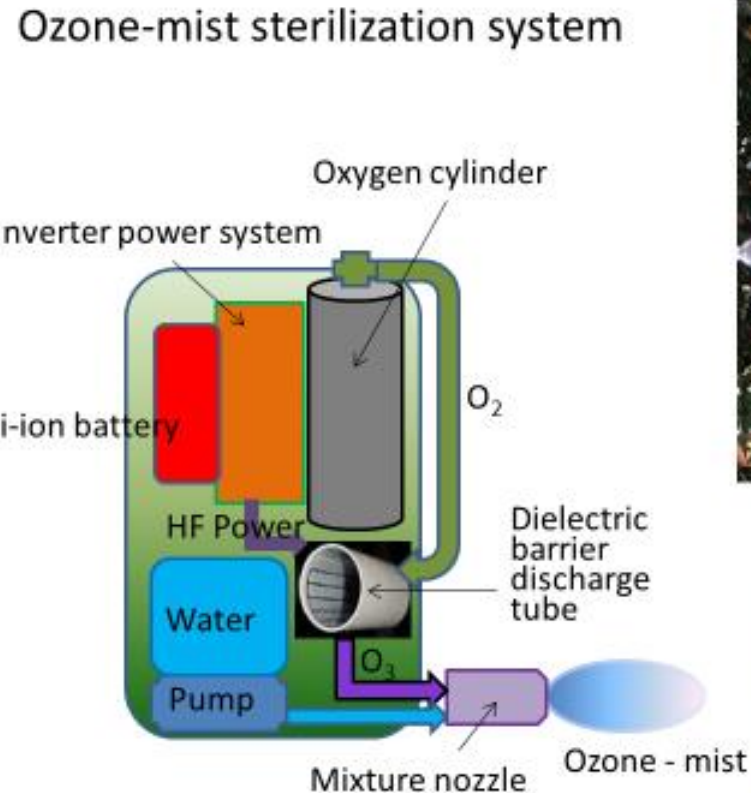


Fukuoka Office

2. Background of portable ozone-mist sterilization system

Characteristics

1. Realizes **high sterilization rate** by ozone-mist chemical free spray in agricultural management.
2. Kills living small **insect pests, worms, bacteria, viruses** in short operation period.
3. **Backpack type** system consisting of various functional units.
4. **Oxygen gas and water produce an ozone-mist mixture** creating pesticide radicals which kill microorganism.
5. Leaves **no harmful residue** on the agricultural produce.



Ozone derivatives radicals

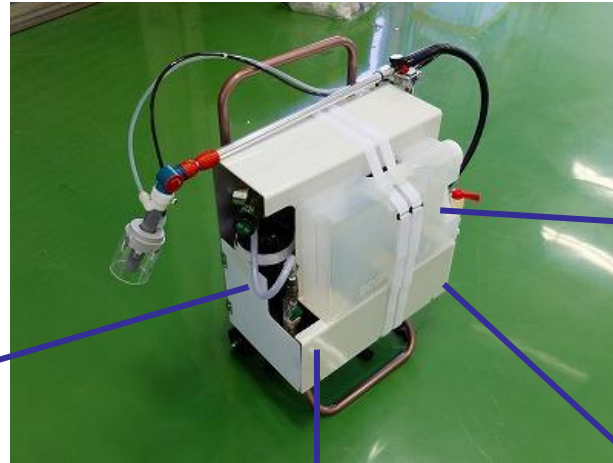


Application of ozone-mist sterilization

Non-chemical farming



Proto type No.5

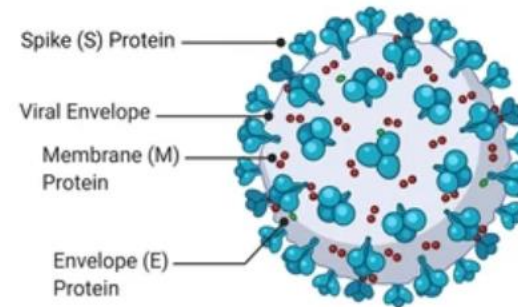


Livestock: breeding processes



Eggs: Duck

**Disinfection
COVID-19**



**Epidemics
prevention**



Non-chemical ozone-mist sterilization system

Ozone generator

Dielectric barrier discharge tubes

Cylindrical type 6kHz; Plate type 10~13kHz

Oxygen gas 0.5~4 liter /min

Ozone output Max.102g/m³;Max.80g/m³

Power supply

AC440W; DC14.4V Li-ion battery, 3.0Ah,
44Wh 2sets, 150W

Water cooling ;Air cooling

Dielectric Barrier Discharge Tube

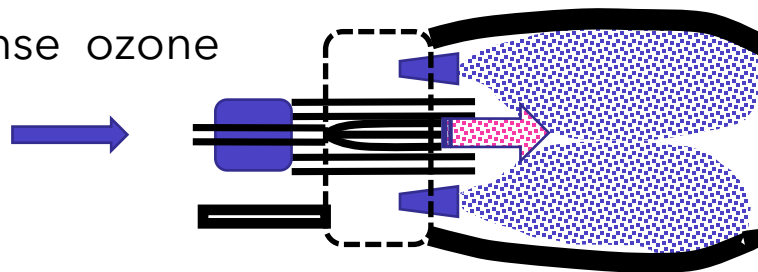
Cylindrical type



Plate type



High dense ozone



Ozone-mist spray

Max:102gO₃/m³
at 3 LO₂/min

Max:80gO₃/m³
at 1LO₂/min

Ozone solubility ~ 5ppm

Sterilization rates of ozone-mist sterilization system

Table Ozone-mist sterilization rate of aphids






Method	Ozone-mist	Gaseous ozone	Water-mist	Chemical synthetics
Conditions	68gO ₃ /m ³ in 2L/minO ₂ Mist-water 330mL/min	68gO ₃ /m ³ in 2L/min O ₂	330mL/min	Ortolan (1000-fold dilution)
Sterilization rate	90-100% for treatment time(T)=3min	50% T=2min 100% T=4min	0% T=2min	75% T=5s 90% T=10s



Ozone: 86g/m³ , 1liter/minO₂
Ozone solubility:5ppm

Aphid

Technical data of ozone-mist sterilization spray

Insects	Plant	Sterilization rate
Tobacco <u>Myzus persicae</u>		80~90% O ₃ :86g/m ³ ,1liter/minO ₂ Ozone solubility:5ppm Spraying time: 10sec
Tobacco green caterpillar		50% O ₃ :86g/m ³ ,1liter/minO ₂ Ozone solubility:5ppm Spraying time: 20sec
<u>Solidago Canadensis</u>		95~100% O ₃ :86g/m ³ ,1liter/minO ₂ Ozone solubility:5ppm Spraying time: 10sec
Orange <u>Toxoptera citricidus</u>		100% O ₃ :86g/m ³ ,1liter/minO ₂ Ozone solubility:5ppm Spraying time: 10sec
Camellia <u>Simensis</u> (Green tea leaf)		100% by ozone gas O ₃ :86g/m ³ ,1liter/minO ₂ Spraying time: 20sec 90% by ozone-mist

玉溪紅塔煙草集團有限責任公司
Hongta Group Tobacco
Industrial Co.Ltd

Yunnan Agricultural
University (Kunming)

Agricultural fields
assessment

- 1) 玉溪市 Yuxi
- 2) 德宏自治州



Visit for
assessment
at tobacco
farms in
China



Myanmar



Non-chemical
tobacco farms
for Ethnic
minorities



中国工業見本展示会計画中



Lunghwa University of Technology



坪林消毒御茶畑
Non-chemical tee farm



Taiwan Agricultural Research Institute



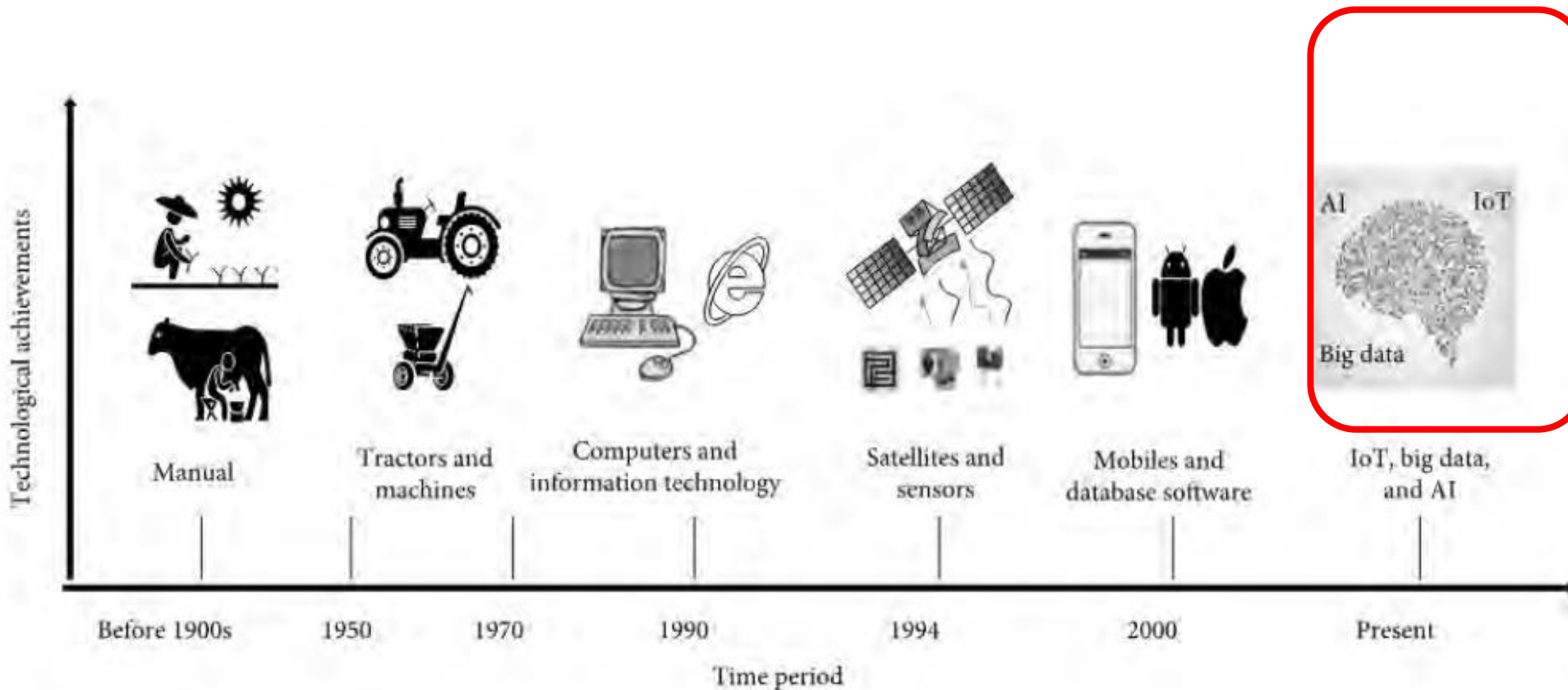
Livestock Research Institute Iian Branch



National Ping Tung University of Science and Technology

3. Evolution of different technologies in agriculture sector

- Current precision agriculture has introduced AI technologies to increase food production. AI technologies use Big data such as plants, pests, diseases and weather



- IoT
- Big Data
 - plants
 - disease
 - pests
 - meteorology
- AI
 - sensing
 - detection
 - identification

(IEEE Access, Vol.7,45110,2019)

AI technologies for sustainable agriculture

Typical applications of AI

- Crop yield prediction and Price forecast
- Intelligent spraying
- Predictive Insights
 - Right time for sowing, weather conditions
- Agriculture Robots
- Crop and soil monitoring
- Pest recognition and Disease diagnosis

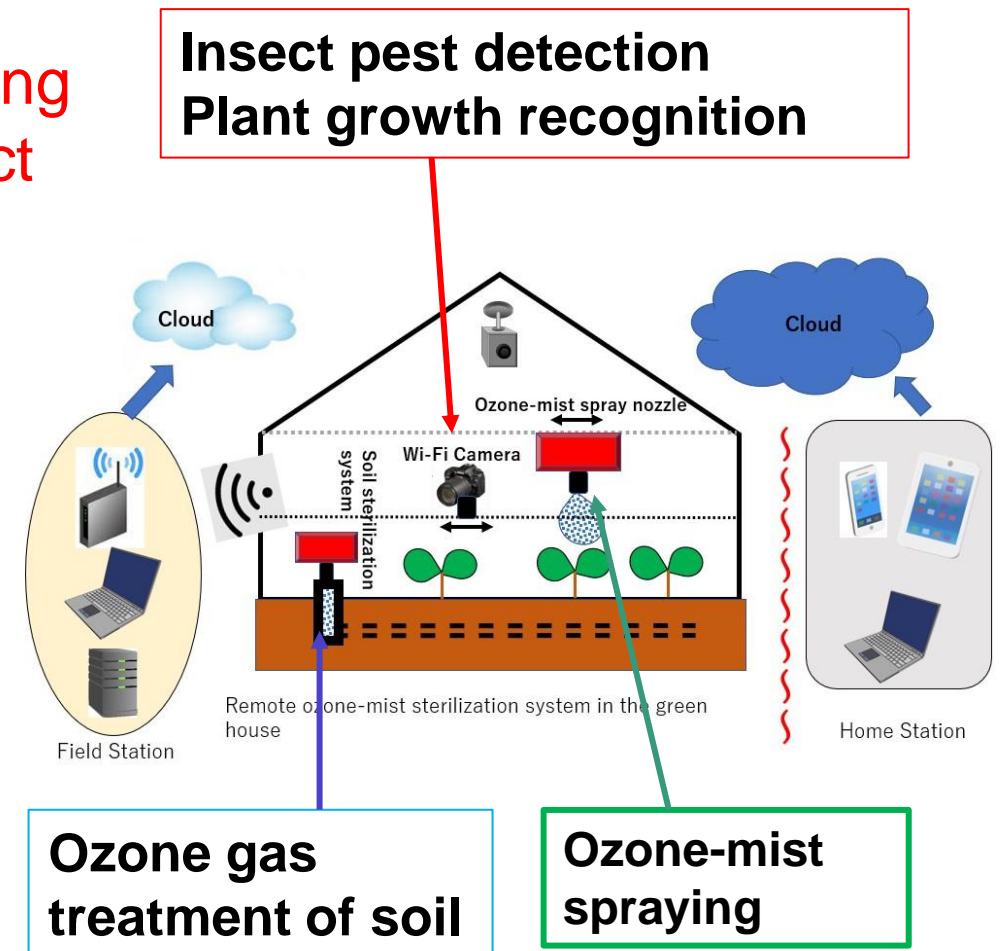


Auto spray system

Outline of intelligent ozone-mist spraying system

The aim of present work is development of an intelligent ozone-mist spraying system incorporating the **deep learning(DL)** method to recognize insect pests and plant growth.

- The **YOLO object detection** based on the deep learning is adopted to make detection and classification of insect pests.
- The deep learning (**TensorFlow**) is applied to analyze plant images for recognition of plant growth.
- The **greenness index** (=2G-R-B:Green G,Red R, Blue B) of plant images is used to predict the photosynthetic activity of plants. This index is one of quantitative indicators of plants, agricultural farms and forests.



YOLO and TensorFlow are software libraries including a variety of DL algorithms.

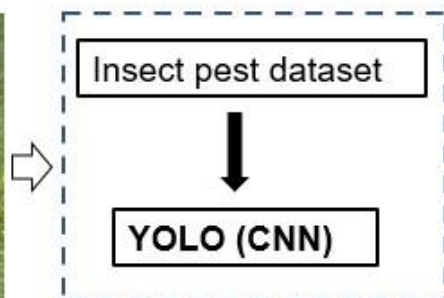
4. Insect pest recognition by Deep learning

YOLO Detection of Insect Pests

- YOLO deep learning method is adopted to detection and identification of insect pests. Pest images were tested.
- 45 images of insects including 41 aphids, 15 moths, 5 beetles, 8 flies, and 9 ants were trained.
- Each image has 640x640 pixels.



Input image



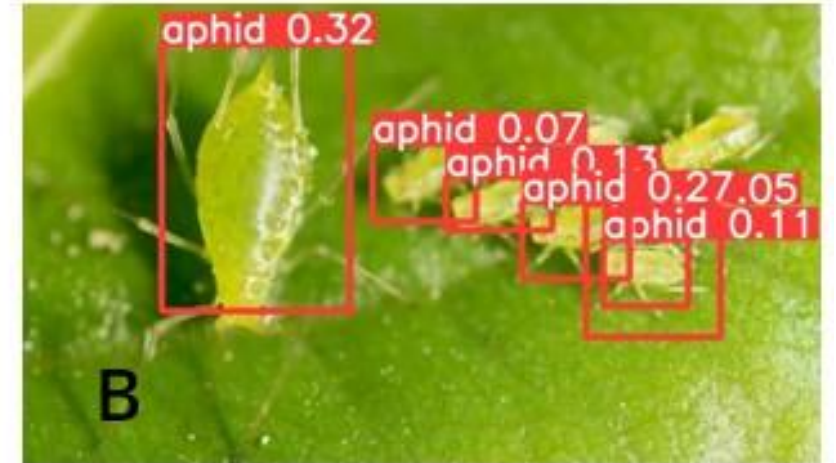
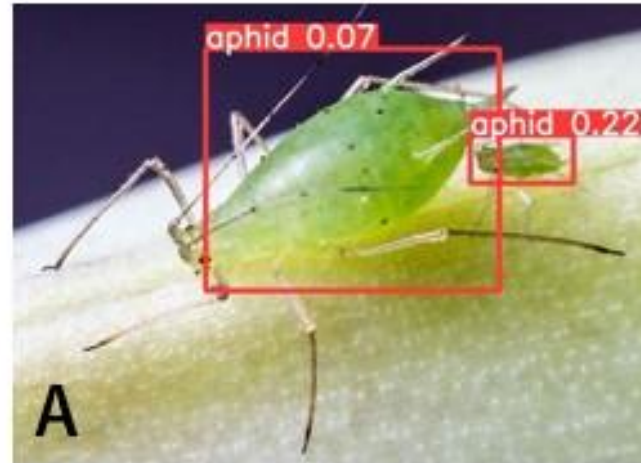
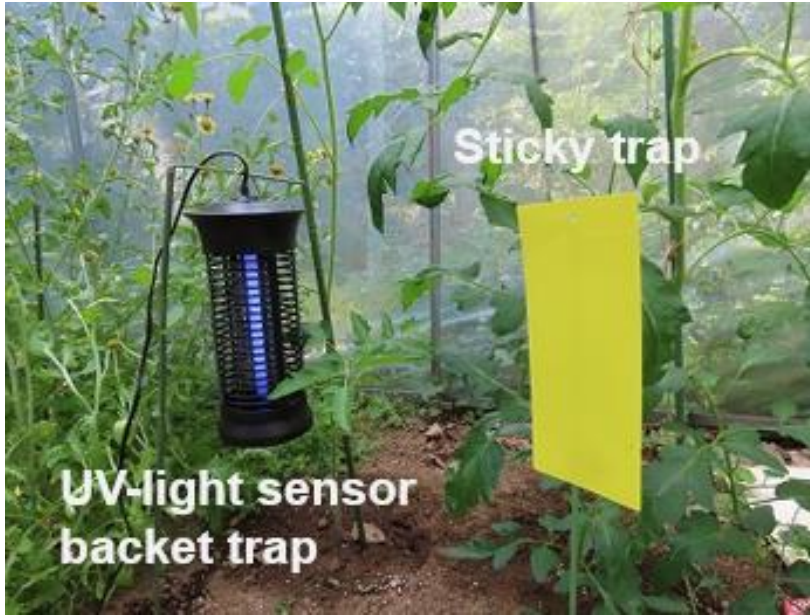
Feature Learnings



Detection

- The bounding box includes confidence and the point information of the box
- Class(names), a center coordinate(x,y), Height, Width .

Confidence : probability that the bonding box contains the objects.



Detection of images of aphids on leaves (A,B) and on sticky traps (C,D). The numerical values of the bounding box are the confidence.

5. Remote identification of plant growth by TensorFlow

Deep learning(TensorFlow) analysis of plant images

■ Plant images and their sizes of leaves were taken during young to ripeness stages (about 70 days).

■ Three color channels (Red, Green, Blue : R, G, B) of their leaves have intensity levels from 0 to 256 (integer valued).

■ The greenness index intensity is calculated by $S_{mn} = 2G - R - B$ at a pixel (row:m, column:n) and is a predicator of photosynthesis of plants.

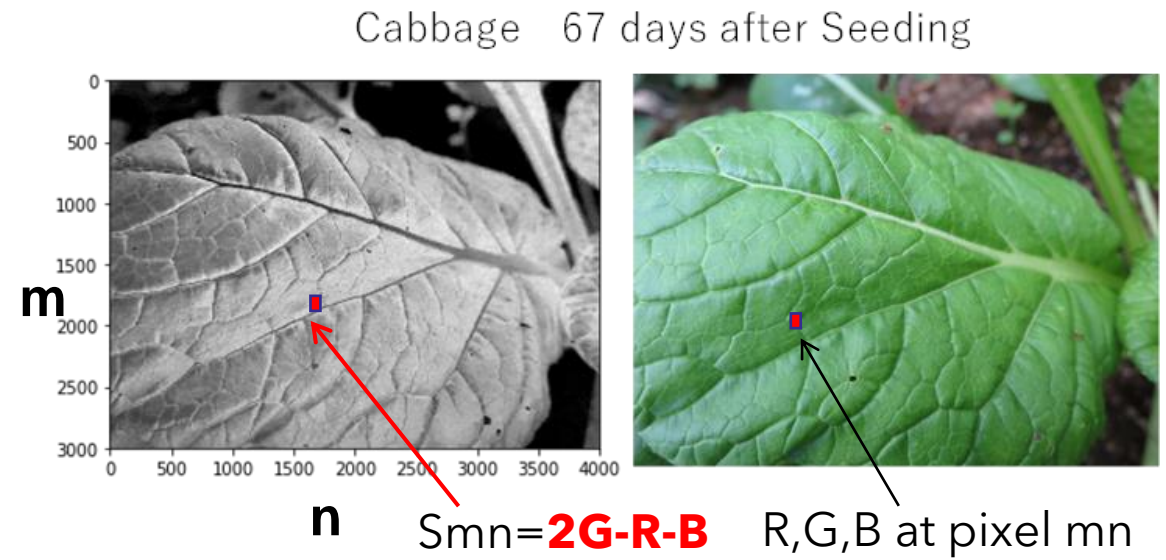
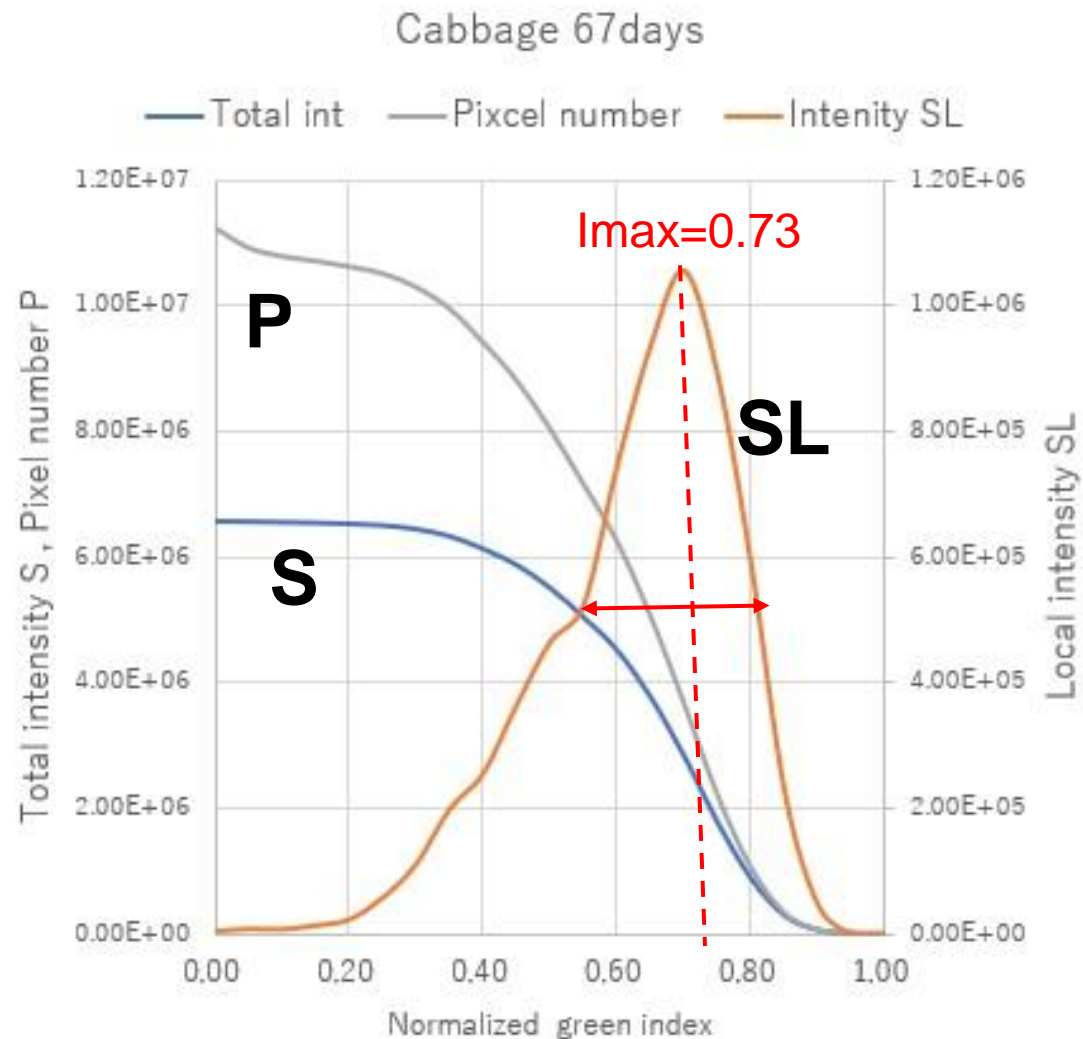


Image for green index intensity S_{mn} (left) and the photo (right) of a cabbage leaf.

P = total sum of pixel mn = $3000 \times 4000 = 12$ Mega
S = total sum of S_{mn}

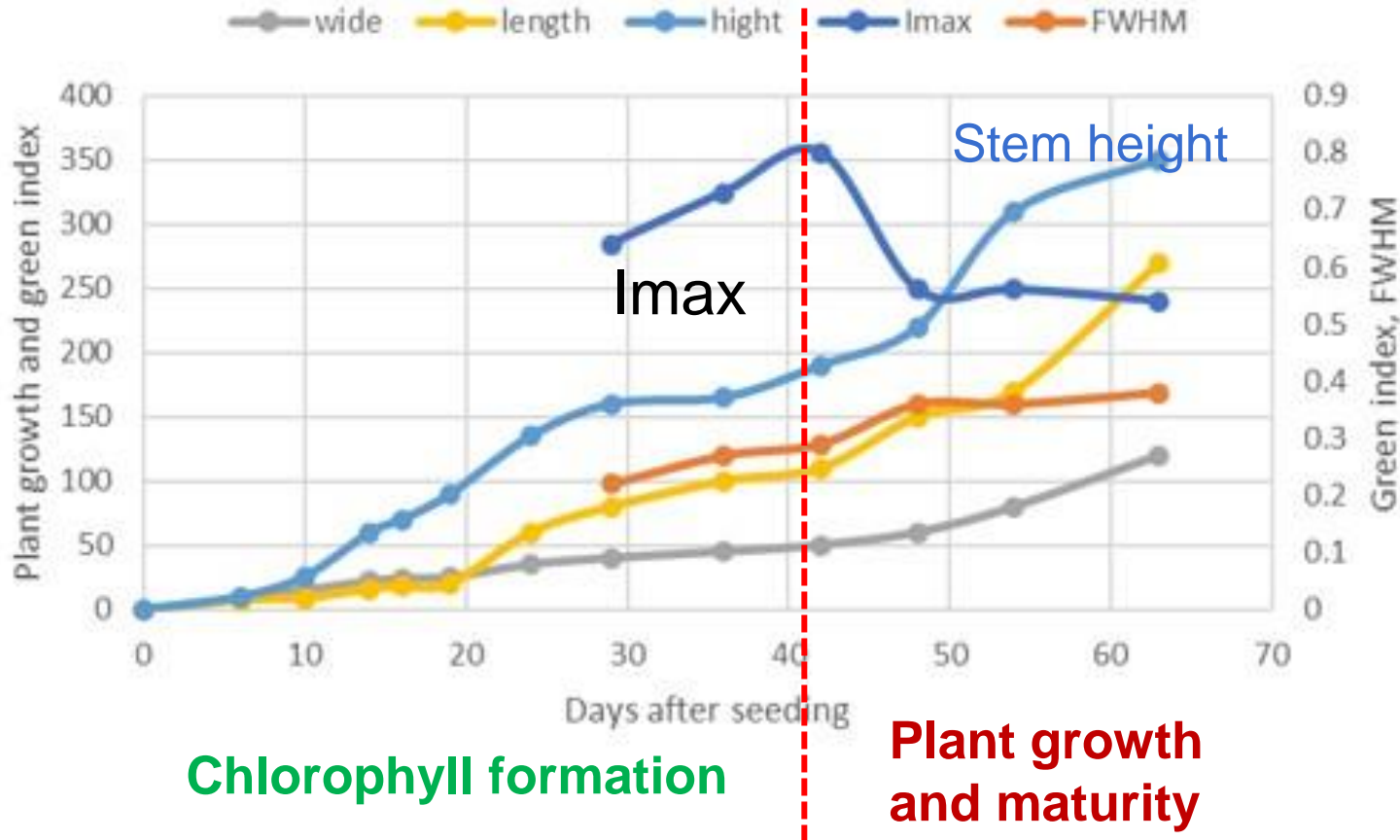


- The local intensity ,SL , as a function of the normalized greenness index value $Index(=S_{mn}/S_{mn(maximum)})$.
- The SL profile f has a maximum value of 1.16×10^5 at $Index(=I_{max}) = 0.73$ and the full width at half maximum (FWHM) of 0.27.
- The peak index (I_{max}) and the FWHM value are specific predictors which are closely related to the plant growth behavior (photosynthetic activity).

$$SL \sim \text{greenness index} = 2G - R - B$$

Total pixel number P, total intensity S and local intensity SL as a function of normalized greenness index

Relationship between plant growth and green index for cabbage during 63 days



The sizes of the leaf width, the leaf length and the stem height rapidly increase with time. The growth is mostly based on the photosynthesis due to blue light with the red light.

The l_{max} has a peak value at 42 days and then rapidly decreases following a constant value.

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Seeding~42 days :

**chlorophyll formation**

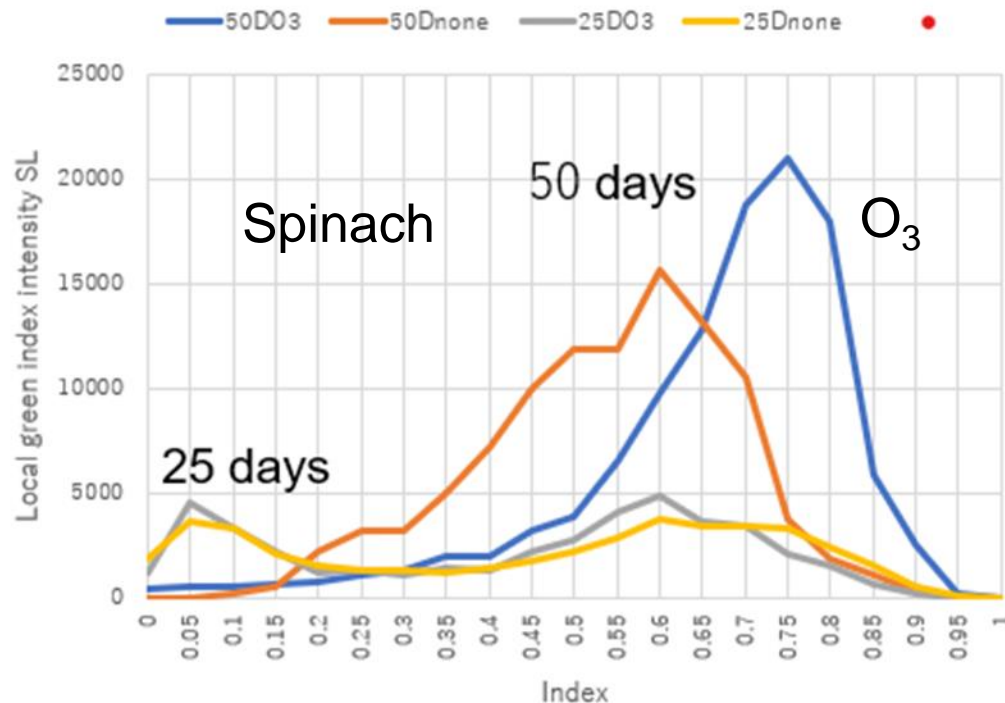
42 days ~ 63 days :

**plant growth and maturity**

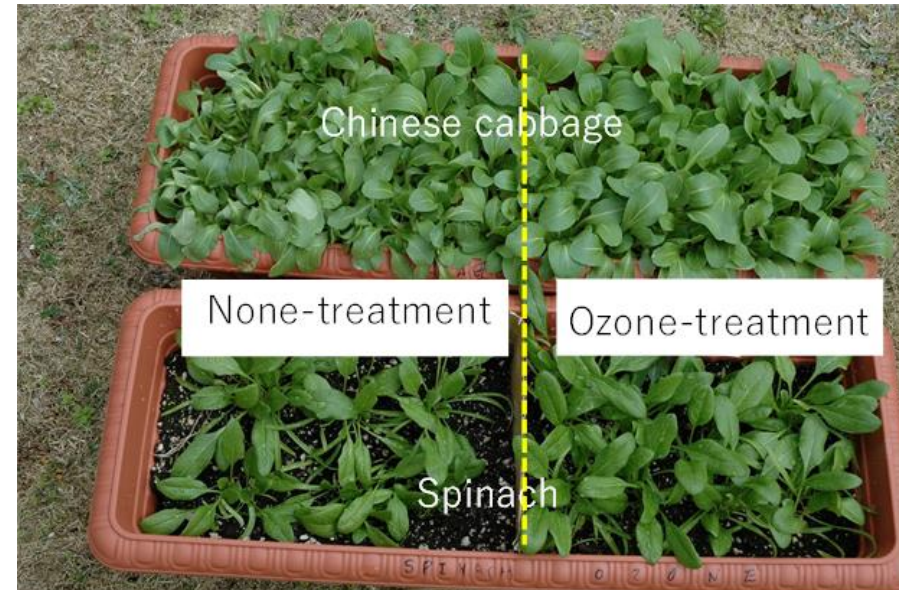
The dominant process of photosynthesis is **chlorophyll formation at early stage** and shifts to **production of glucose** which makes new leaves and other plant parts.

# Plant growth in ozone-treated soil

## Local green index distribution



Ozone treatment conditions : the ozone of 12 g was injected into the soil of 3kg;  $100\text{gO}_3/\text{m}^3$ ,  $2\text{LO}_2/\text{min}$ , 60min.



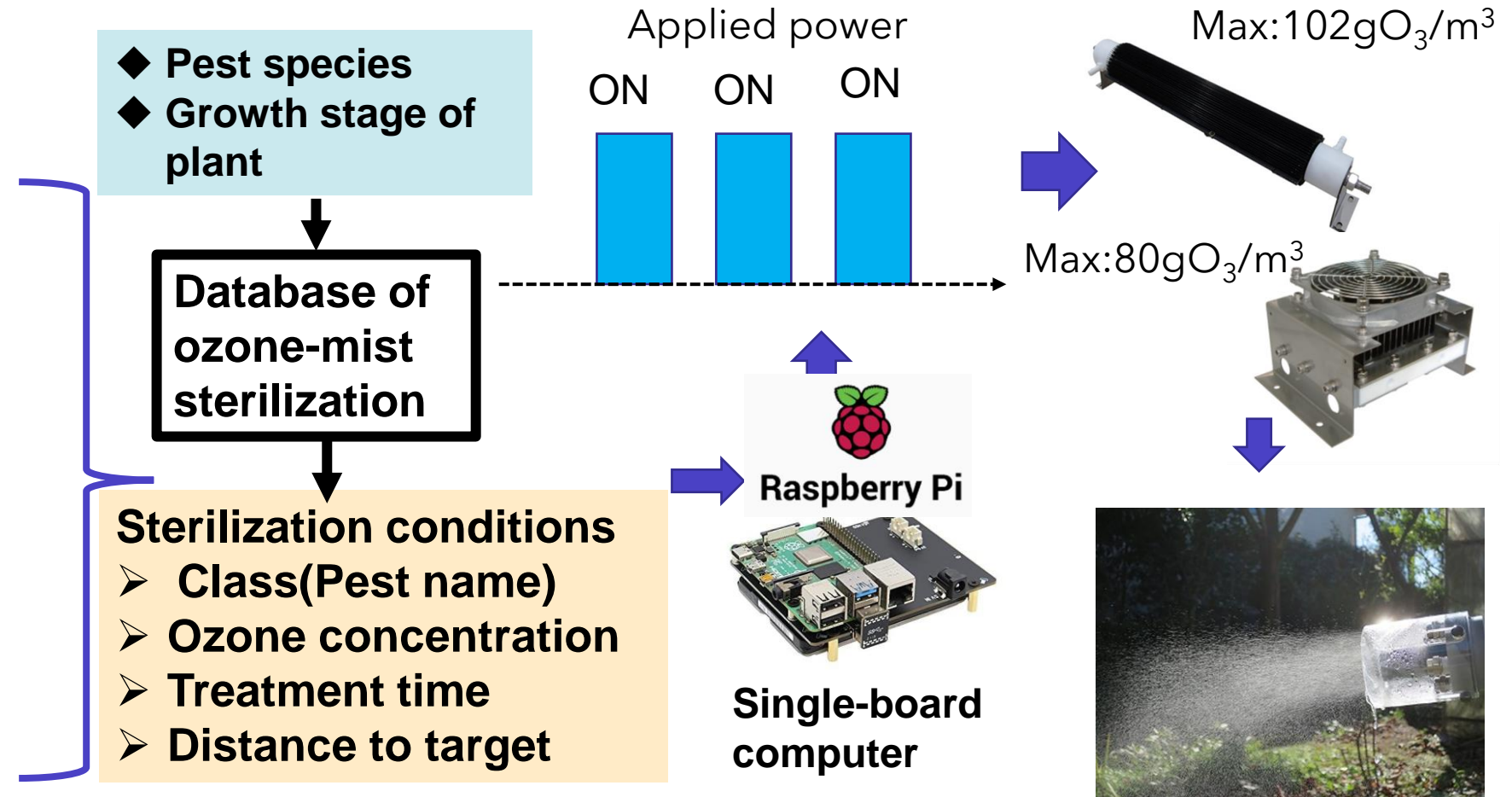
50 days after seeding

High green index in ozone treated- soil shows the enhancement of plant growth.



# 6. Remote/auto ozone-mist sterilization system

## Deep learning



The ozone generator is operated by a single-board computer (Raspberry-Pi) which is connected remotely to the main computer.

# Current status of progress on remote/auto ozone-mist sterilization system

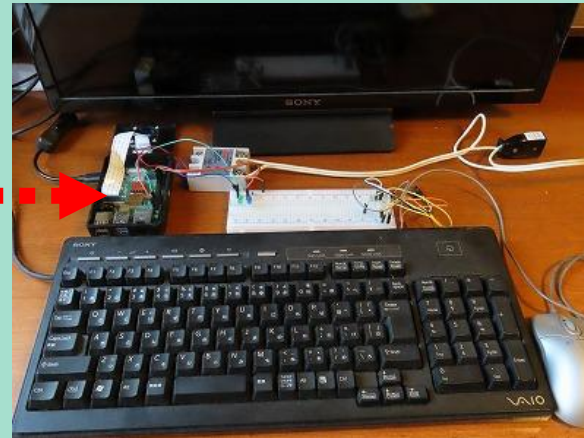


## Deep Learning

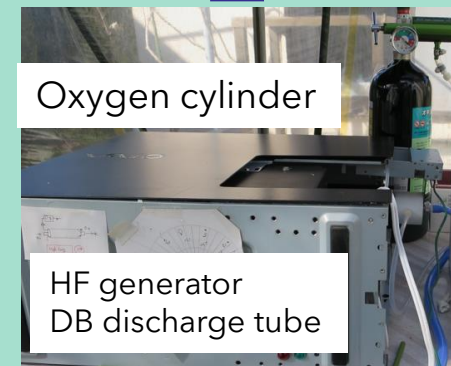
- Image capture
- Pest identification
- Accounting number
- Sterilization conditions
- **Ozone concentration**
- **Treatment time**

Remote control station

Wi-Fi



Raspberry Pi system  
(Single-board computer)





Ozone generator system

Agriculture field (Greenhouse)



1. Insect pest detection and plant grow of vegetables can be clarified by the Deep Learning technique.
2. Remote and auto-ozone-mist spraying will be available to realize the sustainable agriculture.

## Spraying conditions

- Classification of pests
  - Growth stage of plants
- 
- Ozone-mist concentration
  - Treatment time for pests
- 

Remote/Auto sterilization

## 5.Conclusion

Remote /auto ozone-mist sterilization



**NAWA Project International Seminar at Kumamoto  
July 4-6, 2022**

**Thank you for your kind attention!**

